THE
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AND
COUNTRY

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Gazette,
JOURNAL.

Containing the freshest Advices, Foreign and Domestic.

MONDAY, December 6, 1773.

BOSTON, December 6.

SINCE our last arrived here the Capts. Bruce and Shepard from London, and Capt. Brace from Falmouth, but bring nothing material.

The Publick are assured contrary to the Report of certain Persons inimical to the Measures concerted for our political Safety, and injurious to the Reputation of the Owner Mr. William Dennie, that Capt. Sheppard has not brought a single Ounce of Tea—And in Justice to Capt. Bruce we are obliged to declare that he has no Tea on Board his Ship, excepting the Teas shipped on Account of the East-India Company; which are to revisit London with all Expedition.

We have Advice by Capt. Couper, arrived at New-York, that 16 Days before he sailed, a Ship for Boston, with Tea, Chests 600. A Ship for Philadelphia, was fallen down the River, with 600. A Ship for Rhode-Island, ditto 200. And another for New-York, taking in 600.

It was said in London, that Commissioners for the Sale of the Tea, would be sent out with it.

Capt. Lee informs, that about the Middle of September Capt. Paddock of this Place in a Snow, was cast away off Scilly, Vessel and Cargo lost, the People saved.

The Ship Hayley, Capt. Scott, sails for London on Saturday next.

*** *The Piece mentioned in our last respecting the Fracas at Mr. Clarke's on the 19th ult. we are again obliged to postpone; as also a great Number of Advertisements, which will be noticed in our next.*

On Thursday last the Rev. Mr. *John Moorhead*, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church in this Town, departed this Life in the 70th Year of his Age: His Funeral is to be at Three o'Clock this Afternoon from his late Dwelling-House near Liberty-Tree, where it is desired his Friends and Acquaintance would attend.

Last Friday died at Newbury the Rev. Mr. Christopher Bridge Marsh.

Last Saturday Morning departed this Life, Mr. Robert Jenkins, Merchant, aged 73. His Funeral to be to-morrow Afternoon at 3 o'Clock, from his House in Back Street, where his Friends and Acquaintance are desired to attend.

Mould and *Dipp'd Bayberry-Wax* and *Spermaceti* Tallow Candles.

Also,—Refined Spermaceti OIL, by the Barrel, or smaller Quantities.——HOGS-FAT by the Cask or less, *SOLD BY*

John Langdon, in *Fleet-Street*, above JOHN HANCOCK, Esq'rs Wharf, and near the Old North Meeting-House.

For LONDON,

THE Brig HARMONY, William Shayler Master, having the largest Part of her Cargo engaged; will Sail in about 12 or 14 Days. For Freight or Passage apply to George Erving, or the said Captain on Board said Vessel, laying at Decosta's Wharf.

Boston, Dec. 9, 1773.

IMPORTED from LONDON, and to be Sold by

DANIEL BOYER, Jeweller,

At his Shop opposite the Province-House in BOSTON,

A GOOD Assortment of Articles for the Jewellers and Goldsmiths use: As Cristials of all kinds, Chapes, Coral Beeds, Crucibles and Blow Pots, Moulding Sand, Borax, Salt Petre, Pommice & Rotten Stone Tools of all sorts, Files, large and small Money Scales and Weights, Silver Watches, a few neat Guns, with Bayonets compleat; Also most sorts Jewellery ready made, as neat Paste Shoe, Knee and Neck Buckles Broaches, Lockets, Hair Pins and Sprigs, with many other articles all which will be sold cheap for the Cash.

N.B. Cash given for old Gold and Silver, & Silver & Gold Lace.

TAKEN away from Dorrett's Wharff the 24th ult. a small Boat, about 10 or 12 Feet long, her Sides painted of a Slate Colour. Whoever shall take her up, and bring her to Mr. Jonathan Jenkins, Cooper, shall be well rewarded for their Trouble.

New Raisins and Figgs.

JUST arrived, and to be Sold cheap, by

Bossenger & William Foster,

At their Store on Spear's Wharf, the following Articles, viz.

CHOICE new Raisins—in Casks and Jars,
Olives——in small and large Jars,
The best of Sherry and Malaga Wine,
Choice Jordan Almonds in the Shell,
West India Rum, Sugar, Cotton Wool,
Old Jamaica Spirit in small Casks.

TO BE SOLD

By Robert Jarvis,

AT his House near Mr. Rowe's Wharff,

English, Russia and Ravens Duck,

Right Sterling old Madeira WINE per the Quarter Cask, or in Bottles per the Doz. at 15l. Old Tenor per Doz. very fine Port Wines, old or new, by the Quarter Cask, or in Bottles, at 9l. Old Tenor per Doz. very fine London Porter, imported in the last Ships, per the Hogshead or single Doz. at 4l. 5s. per Doz.

TO BE SOLD

By Benjamin Church,

On THURSDAY next,

At THREE o'Clock in the Afternoon,

BY PUBLICK AUCTION,

A large and valuable Assortment of

Europpean Goods, consisting of Broad Cloths of different colours and fineness--Forrest Cloths—Duffils—Ratteens—Shalloons—Camblets—Irish Linnens—Cotton & Linnen Checks—Velvets—Callamancoes—Handkerchiefs—&c.—Sundry Articles of Houshold—viz. Feather Beds—Tables—Cases of Draws, &c. &c.—An 8 Day Clock—Watches, &c. At 3 o'Clock, P. M.

TO BE SOLD very Cheap indeed,

ONE third Part of a Tract of Land undivided, with a House and Store thereon, and the flatts thereto belonging, situate in Purchase Street, on the Easterly side of Fort Hill, late the Estate of Mr. Richard Pattershal, of Boston, deceased, measuring 135 Feet front, and carrying that Breadth, and more to low Water mark.—Said Land contains upwards of 200 Feet of solid Ground in Depth to the Water's Edge. For further Particulars, Inquire of the Printers, or of *John Ruggles*.

Boston, Dec. 6, 1773.

British Coffee-House.

To be Sold a large, commodious Brick Dwelling-House in King-Street, Boston; known by the Name of the British Coffee-House. Enquire of *David Jeffries*.

TO BE LETT

A very convenient Dwelling-House in William's Court, fit for a genteel Family. Enquire of Edes and Gill.

TO BE SOLD

A Good FARM in Watertown, near the Great Bridge, on the Post-Road to Boston, containing Sixteen Acres of Choice Land, with a good House & Barn, &c. has been improved as a Tavern near 40 Years, the greatest Part of the Time, by Mr. Saltmarsh, is well accommodated for a Trader, Tavernkeeper, or Gentleman, the Terms will be made easy: Enquire of Thomas Wellington of Waltham.

A young Woman with a good Breast of Milk, would be glad to go into a Gentleman's Family to Suckle. Inquire of the Printers.

TO BE SOLD,

A likely Negro Girl about 8 Years old, strong and hearty. Also a strong, hearty Negro Girl about 4 Months old to be given away.

Inquire of Edes & Gill.

Whereas *Elizabeth Dodge* the Wife of me the Subscriber has refused to live with me; and I having paid for her Board as long as I am able, consistent with Reason or my Interest;—I do hereby forbid all Persons from Entertaining, Harbouring, or Trusting the said Elizabeth on my Accompt; and I hereby declare I will pay no Debt she shall Contract from the Date hereof. WILLIAM DODGE.

Lunenburgh, Nov. 22, 1773.

New AUCTION-ROOM, *Cornhill.*

TO-MORROW at TEN in the MORNING,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC-VENDUE,

At *Greenleaf's* Auction-Room,

A Very large Assortment of Goods, amongst which are 12 Pieces mixt Coatings, 20 Pieces Broad Cloths, fine Bath Coatings, Baizes, Blue & red Duffils, Forrest Cloths, Kerseys, Shalloons, Lastings, Velverets, Harrateens, Checks, Check Handkerchiefs, Bed Ticks, 50 Pieces of Irish Linnen, Cambricks, clear Lawns, plain and figur'd Gauzes, Worsted Hose and Caps, and many other Articles. Wm. Greenleafe, Auctioneer.

The Sale to begin precisely at Ten o'Clock.

For PRIVATE SALE,

A Variety of superfine Broad Cloths, exceeding fine Irish Linen, two Clocks, one of them in a very handsome Mehogany Case, sundry Pictures, a Mehogany Bureau, some handsome Sconce Glasses, some small Invoices of well assorted Ribbons, and a piece of black Paduasoy, under the Sterling Cost.

W. GREENLEAF, Auctioneer.

On WEDNESDAY next,

At ELEVEN o'Clock in the Morning, will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At the Bunch of Grapes in King-Street,

Five Quarter Casks of Madeira Wine,

a Quantity of very fine Dorchester ALE.

R. Gould, Auctioneer.

At GOULD's *Auction Office*,

In Back Street,

On FRIDAY NEXT,

At TEN o'Clock in the Morning,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENCUE,

A very large and general Assortment of English Goods, suitable for the season,—amongst which are—

Scarlet, blue, drab, mixed and claret colour'd Broad Cloths, Forrest Cloths, German Serges, yard wide and 6 4 Ratteens, Bath Coatings, Devonshire Kerseys, Plains, Duffils, Baizes, Shalloons, Camblets, Plaids, Men's and Women's Worsted Hose, Breeches Patterns, Worsted Caps, Plushes, Bearskins, Brocaded Shoes, best Sable Muffs and Tippets, Irish Linnens flowered and Lawn Aprons, French and Scotch Lawns, plated & common Buckles, Cutlee Knives, Combs, Razors,

R. GOULD, Auctioneer.

On THURSDAY next TEN o'Clock,

Will be Sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

At BICKER's Auction-Room near the Conduit, Boston,

A large Assortment of English Goods,

of the best Quality; ——Among which are——

THirty Pieces of striped and plain Cambleteens, Camlets, Duzeteens, Irish Linnens, Cotton Checks, black Callimanco, Shalloons, Tammys, red and blue Duffil, Blankets, Worsted Hose, Bath Coating, Lambskins, Bazes, middling & low priz'd Broad-Cloths, the best of Colours, Check Linnen Handkerchiefs, black Silk Ditto, Oznabrigs, Silver and Pinchbeck Watches, some Wearing Apparrel, &c. &c. &c.

MARTIN BICKER, Auctioneer.

Thursday next, Ten o'Clock.

For Private Sale,

At the New Auction-Room South Side of Town-House,

viz. Mehogany Desks and Book Cases, Desk, Chests on Chest of Draws, Dining and Spring Tables, Chairs, Tea Trays, genteel suit of Harrateen Curtains, Easy Chairs, Feather Beds & Bedsteds, handsome Sconce and other Looking Glasses, small Dressing ditto, several handsome Eight Day Clocks, Silver Watches, &c. &c.—Also, blue, grey, orange, lead, green and mixt colour'd Broad Cloths, Drab and mixt Duffils, Copper and mixt Frizes, Shalloons and Tammies of all colours, strip'd Blankets, superfine Burton hole twist Basket and cramp Buttons, blue fring'd Cotton, Silk Gauzes, black gauze Handkerchiefs, black, blue, white and pink Sarsnets, Capuchin Silks of all colours, Buckskin Breeches, Cotton Velvets, Men's Silk and Worsted Hose, Patchwork Coverlids, white Bayzes, black Sattin and Chip Hats, a small Quantity of choice Rhubarb.

N. B. At said Auction-Room constant Attendance is given to receive all kind of Goods for Public and Private Sale. t.b.c.t.f.

High Water at BOSTON, *for the present Week.*

Monday, 16 min. aft.	5	Friday, 26 min. after	8
Tuesday, 0 min. aft.	6	Saturday, 20 min. aft.	9
Wednesday 50 m. aft.	6	Lord's-Day, 14m. aft.	10
Thursday, 37 min. aft.	7	D. H. Qr. 7h. 1 Min.	

v vid pa. 407 4 See Index under Tea } vid pa. 407 q vid pa. 403 s vid page 399.
vid pa. 410
vid pa. 407

BOSTON, *December* 6 1773.

At a Meeting of the PEOPLE *of* Boston, *and the neighbouring Towns, at* Faneuil-Hall, *in said* Boston, *on Monday the 29th of* November 1773 *Nine o'Clock, A. M. and continued by Adjournment to the next Day; for the Purpose of consulting, advising and determining upon the most proper and effectual Method to prevent the unloading, receiving or vending the deteſtable* TEA *ſent out by the East-India Company, Part of which being juſt arrived in this Harbour:*

IN Order to proceed with due Regularity, it was moved that a Moderator be choſen, and

JONATHAN WILLIAMS, Eſq;

Was then choſen Moderator of the Meeting.

A MOTION was made that as the Town of Boſton had determined at a late Meeting legally aſſembled, that they would to the utmoſt of their Power prevent the landing of the Tea, the Queſtion be put, Whether this Body are abſolutely determined that the Tea now arrived in Capt. Hall ſhall be returned to the Place from whence it came at all Events. And the Queſtion being accordingly put, it paſſed in the Affirmative. Nem. Con.

It appearing that the Hall could not contain the People aſſembled, it was Voted, that the Meeting be immediately Adjourned to the Old South Meeting-Houſe, Leave having been obtained for this Purpoſe.

The People met at the Old South according to Adjournment.

A Motion was made, and the Queſtion put, viz. Whether it is the firm Reſolution of this Body that the Tea ſhall not only be ſent back, but that no Duty ſhall be paid thereon; & paſs'd in the Affirmative. Nem. Con.

It was moved, that in order to give Time to the Conſignees to conſider and deliberate, before they ſent in their Propoſals to this Body, as they had given Reaſon to expect would have been done at the opening of the Meeting, there might be an Adjournment to Three o'Clock, P. M. and the Meeting was accordingly for that Purpoſe adjourned.

THREE o'Clock, P. M. met according to Adjournment.

A Motion was made, Whether the Tea now arrived in Captain Hall's Ship ſhall be ſent back in the ſame Bottom—Paſs'd in the Affirmative, *Nem. Con.*

Mr. Rotch the Owner of the Veſſel being preſent, informed the Body that he ſhould enter his Proteſt againſt their Proceedings.

It was then moved and voted, *nem. con.* That Mr. Rotch be directed not to enter this Tea; and that the Doing of it would be at his Peril.

Alſo Voted, That Captain Hall the Maſter of the Ship, be informed that at his Peril he is not to ſuffer any of the Tea brought by him, to be landed.

A Motion was made, That in Order for the Security of Captain Hall's Ship and Cargo, a Watch may be appointed——and it was Voted that a Watch be accordingly appointed to conſiſt of 25 Men.

Capt. Edward Procter was appointed by the Body to be the Capt. of the Watch for this Night, and the Names were given in to the Moderator, of the Townſmen who were Volunteers on the Occaſion.

It having been obſerved to the Body, that Governor Hutchinſon had required the Juſtices of the Peace in this Town to meet and uſe their Endeavours to ſuppreſs any Routs or Riots, &c. of the People that might happen;—It was Moved and the Queſtion put—Whether it be not the Senſe of this Meeting, that the Governor's Conduct herein carries a deſign'd Reflection upon the People here met; and is ſolely calculated to ſerve the Views of Adminiſtration—Paſſed in the Affirmative, nem. con.

The People being informed by Col. Hancock, that Mr. Copley, Son-in-Law to Mr. Clarke, Sen. had acquainted him that the Tea Conſignees did not receive their Letters from London till laſt Evening, and were ſo diſperſed, that they could not have a joint Meeting early enough to make their Propoſals at the Time intended; and therefore were deſirous of a further Space for that Purpoſe.

The Meeting out of great Tenderneſs to theſe Perſons, and from a ſtrong Deſire to bring this Matter to a Concluſion, notwithſtanding the Time they had hitherto expended upon them to no Purpoſe, were prevailed upon to adjourn to the next Morning Nine o'Clock.

TUESDAY Morning Nine o'Clock,

Met according to Adjournment.

THE long expected Propoſals were at length brought into the Meeting, *not* directed to the Moderator, but to John Scollay, Eſq; one of the Selectmen—It was however voted that the ſame ſhould be read, and they are as follow, viz.

Monday, Nov. 29th, 1773.

SIR,

WE are ſorry that we could not return to the Town ſatisfactory Anſwers to their two late Meſſages to us reſpecting the Teas; we beg Leave to acquaint the Gentlemen Selectmen that we have ſince received our Orders from the Honorable Eaſt-India Company.

We ſtill retain a Diſpoſition to do all in our Power to give Satisfaction to the Town, but as we underſtood from you and the other Gentlemen Selectmen at Meſſ. Clarkes Interview with you laſt Saturday, that this can be effected by nothing leſs than our ſending back the Teas, we beg Leave to ſay, that this is utterly out of our Power to do, but we do now declare to you our Readineſs to Store the Teas until we ſhall have Opportunity of writing to our Conſtituents and ſhall receive their further Orders reſpecting them; and we do moſt ſincerely wiſh that the Town conſidering the unexpected Difficulties devolved upon us will be ſatisfied with what we now offer.

We are, SIR,

Your moſt humble Servants,

Tho. & Eliſha Hutchinſon,
Benja. Faneuil, jun. for Self and
Joſhua Winſlow, Eſq;
Rick'd Clarke & Sons.

John Scollay, Eſq;

Mr. Sheriff Greenleaf came into the Meeting, and begg'd Leave of the Moderator that a Letter he had received from the Governor, requiring him to read a Proclamation to the People here aſſembled might be read; and it was accordingly read.

Whereupon it was moved, and the Queſtion put, Whether the Sheriff ſhould be permitted to read the Proclamation—which paſſed in the Affirmative, nem. con.

The Proclamation is as follows, viz.

Maſſachuſets-Bay. } By the Governor.

TO JONATHAN WILLIAMS, Eſq; acting as Moderator of an Aſſembly of People in the Town of Boſton, and to the People ſo aſſembled:

WHEREAS printed Notifications were on Monday the 29th Inſtant poſted in divers Places in the Town of Boſton and publiſhed in the News-Papers of that Day calling upon the People to aſſemble together for certain unlawful Purpoſes in ſuch Notifications mentioned: And whereas great Numbers of People belonging to the Town of Boſton, and divers others belonging to ſeveral other Towns in the Province, did aſſemble in the ſaid Town of Boſton, on the ſaid Day, and did then and there proceed to chuſe a Moderator, and to conſult, debate and reſolve upon Ways and Means for carrying ſuch unlawful Purpoſes into Execution; openly violating, defying and ſetting at nought the good and wholeſome Laws of the Province and the Conſtitution of Government under which they live: And whereas the People thus aſſembled did vote or agree to adjourn or continue their Meeting to this the 30th Inſtant, and great Numbers of them are again met or aſſembled together for the like Purpoſes in the ſaid Town of Boſton,

IN Faithfulneſs to my Truſt and as His Majeſty's Repreſentative within the Province I am bound to bear Teſtimony againſt this Violation of the Laws and I warn exhort and require you and each of you thus unlawfully aſſembled forthwith to diſperſe and to ſurceaſe all further unlawful Proceedings at your utmoſt Peril.

Given under my Hand at Milton in the Province aforeſaid the 30th Day of November 1773 and in the fourteenth Year of His Majeſty's Reign.

By His Excellency's Command, T. Hutchinſon.

THO'S FLUCKER, Secr'y.

And the ſame being read by the Sheriff, there was immediately after, a loud and very general Hiſs.

A Motion was then made, and the Queſtion put, Whether the Aſſembly would diſperſe and ſurceaſe all further Proceedings, according to the Governor's Requirement——It paſs'd in the Negative, nem. con.

A Propoſal of Mr. Copley was made, that in Caſe he could prevail with the Meſſ. Clarkes to come into this Meeting, the Queſtion might now be put, Whether they ſhould be treated with Civility while in the Meeting, though they might be of different Sentiments with this Body; and their Perſons be ſafe until their Return to the Place from whence they ſhould come——And the Queſtion being accordingly put, paſſed in the Affirmative, Nem. Con.

Another Motion of Mr. Copley's was put, Whether two Hours ſhall be given him, which alſo paſſed in the Affirmative.

Adjourn'd to Two o'Clock, P. M.

TWO o'Clock P. M. met according to Adjournment.

A Motion was made and paſſed, that Mr. Rotch and Capt. Hall be deſired to give their Attendance.

Mr. Rotch appeared, and upon a Motion made the Queſtion was put, Whether it is the firm Reſolution of this Body, that the Tea brought by Capt. Hall ſhall be returned by Mr. Rotch to England in the Bottom in which it came; and whether they accordingly now require the ſame, which paſſed in the Affirmative, Nem. Con.

Mr. Rotch then informed the Meeting that he ſhould proteſt againſt the whole Proceedings as he had done againſt the Proceedings on Teſterday, but that tho' the returning the Tea is an involuntary Act in him, he yet conſiders himſelf as under a Neceſſity to do it, and ſhall therefore comply with the Requirement of this Body.

Capt. Hall being preſent was forbid to aid or aſſiſt in unloading the Tea at his Peril, and ordered that if he continues Maſter of the Veſſel, he carry the ſame back to London; who reply'd he ſhould comply with theſe Requirements.

Upon a Motion, Reſolved, That John Rowe, Eſq; Owner of Part of Capt. Bruce's Ship expected with Tea, as alſo Mr. Timmins, Factor for Capt. Coffin's Brig, be deſired to attend.

Mr. Ezekiel Cheever was appointed Captain of the Watch for this Night, and a ſufficient Number of Volunteers gave in their Names for that Service.

VOTED, That the Captain of this Watch be deſired to make out a Liſt of the Watch for the next Night, and ſo each Captain of the Watch for the following Nights until the Veſſels leave the Harbour.

Upon a Motion made, Voted, that in Caſe it ſhould happen that the Watch ſhould be any Ways moleſted in the Night, while on Duty, they give the Alarm to the Inhabitants by the tolling of the Bells—and that if any Thing happens in the Day Time, the Alarm be by ringing of the Bells.

VOTED, That ſix Perſons be appointed to be in Readineſs to give due Notice to the Country Towns when they ſhall be required ſo to do, upon any important Occaſion. And ſix Perſons were accordingly choſen for that Purpoſe.

John Rowe, Eſq; attended, and was informed that Mr. Rotch had engaged that his Veſſel ſhould carry back the Tea ſhe brot in the ſame Bottom, & that it was the Expectation of this Body that he does the ſame by the Tea expected in Capt. Bruce; whereupon he reply'd that the Ship was under the Care of the ſaid Maſter, but that he would uſe his utmoſt Endeavour, that it ſhould go back as required by this Body, and that he would give immediate Advice of the Arrival of ſaid Ship.

VOTED, That it is the Senſe of this Body that Capt. Bruce ſhall on his Arrival ſtrictly conform to the Votes paſſed reſpecting Capt. Hall's Veſſel, as tho' they had been all paſſed in Reference to Capt. Bruce's Ship.

Mr. Timmins appeared and informed that Capt. Coffin's Brig expected with Tea was owned in Nantucket, he gave his Word of Honor that no Tea ſhould be landed while ſhe was under his Care, nor touched by any one until the Owner's Arrival.

It was then Voted, That what Mr. Rowe and Mr. Timmins had offered was ſatisfactory to the Body.

Mr. Copley returned and acquainted the Body, that as he had been obliged to go to *the Caſtle*, he hoped that if he had exceeded the Time allowed him they would conſider the Difficulty of a Paſſage by Water at this Seaſon as his Apology: He then further acquainted the Body, that he had ſeen all the Conſignees, and tho' he had convinced them that they might attend this Meeting with ſafety, and had uſed his utmoſt Endeavours to prevail upon them to give Satisfaction to the Body; they acquainted him, that believing nothing would

vid Index under Tea. / See the Notification, pa. 403. / pa. 391. v vid duty Act, pa. 735, Vol. 1 vid ye Names 407 & pa. 391, 399.

be satisfactory short of re-shipping the Tea, which was out of their Power, they thought it best not to appear, but would renew their Proposal of storing the Tea, and submitting the same to the Inspection of a Committee, and that they could go no further, without incurring their own Ruin: but as they had not been active in introducing the Tea, they should do nothing to obstruct the People in their Procedure with the same.

It was then moved, and the Question put, Whether the return made by Mr. Copley from the Consignees, be in the least Degree satisfactory to this Body, & passed in the Negative. Nem. Con.

Whereas a Number of Merchants in this Province have inadvertently imported Tea from Great-Britain, while it is subject to the Payment of a Duty imposed upon it by an Act of the British Parliament for the Purpose of raising a Revenue in America, and appropriating the same without the Consent of those who are required to pay it:

RESOLVED, That in thus importing said Tea, they have justly incurr'd the Displeasure of our Brethren in the other Colonies.

And Resolved further, That if any Person or Persons shall hereafter import Tea from Great-Britain, or if any Master or Masters of any Vessel or Vessels in Great-Britain shall take the same on Board to be imported to this Place, until the said unrighteous Act shall be repeal'd, he or they shall be deem'd by this Body, an Enemy to his Country; and we will prevent the Landing and Sale of the same, and the Payment of any Duty thereon. And we will effect the Return thereof to the Place from whence it shall come.

RESOLVED, That the foregoing Vote be printed and sent to England, and all the Sea-Ports in this Province.

Upon a Motion made, Voted, That fair Copies be taken of the whole Proceedings of this Meeting, and transmitted to New-York & Philadelphia, And that

Mr. SAMUEL ADAMS,
Hon. JOHN HANCOCK, Esq;
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, Esq;
JOHN ROWE, Esq;
JONATHAN WILLIAMS, Esq

Be a Committee to transmit the same.

Voted, That it is the Determination of this Body, to carry their Votes and Resolutions into Execution, at the Risque of their Lives and Property.

Voted, That the Committee of Correspondence for this Town, be desired to take Care that every other Vessel with Tea that arrives in this Harbour, have a proper Watch appointed for her.—Also Voted, That those Persons who are desirous of making a Part of these Nightly Watches, be desired to give in their Names at Messieurs Edes and Gill's Printing-Office.

Voted, That our Brethren in the Country be desired to afford their Assistance upon the first Notice given; especially if such Notice be given upon the Arrival of Captain Loring, in Messieurs Clarkes' Brigantine.

Voted, That those of this Body who belong to the Town of Boston do return their Thanks to their Brethren who have come from the neighbouring Towns, for their Countenance and Union with this Body in this Exigence of our Affairs.

VOTED, That the Thanks of this Meeting be given to JONATHAN WILLIAMS, Esq; for his good services as Moderator.

VOTED, That this Meeting be Dissolved.—And it was accordingly Dissolved.

vid. pa. 415, 416. 422

Frazier & Geyer

HEREBY inform the PUBLIC,

That their Co-partnership is this Day mutually DISSOLVED; wherefore, all Persons having any Demands on, and who are indebted to said Company, are desired to call on *Frederick Wm. Geyer*, at the Store lately improved by them, for an immediate Settlement. *November* 16, 1773.

N. B. The Business is still continued at said Store by said *Geyer* as usual.—

Fred. Wm. Geyer

Acquaints the Publick, That he has for Sale, At his Shop the Corner of Wing's Lane, near the Market, BOSTON.

A prime Assortment of Cut Goods,

—which he is determined to sell, either in Whole or in Part, as may best Suit the Purchaser or Purchasers, much lower than Goods are usually sold, as he purposes going into the Wholesale Branch only.—

Country Traders and Town Shopkeepers are invited to said Store, where they now have an Opportunity of buying great Pennyworths for Cash. (6w)

All Persons having any Demands on the Estate of Capt. *Robert Kell*, late of Boston, Mariner, deceased, intestate, are desired to bring in their Accounts to *Edward Gibby*, Administrator on said Estate, in Order for a Settlement, and all that are indebted, are requested to make speedy Payment,

Late News from LONDON.

LONDON, *October* 5.

It is said, that his Excellency William Tryon, Governor of New-York, will be created a Knight of the Bath, in the room of the late Sir William Beauchamp Proctor.

It is now the current report on the Continent, that the modern Alexander, in order the better to promote his schemes, has proposed a new wife to a certain northern potentate, which it is believed will be accepted.

Yesterday morning her Royal Highness the Princess Amelia set off from Gunnersbury-house for Bath.

Yesterday in the afternoon a duel was fought in a field near Hexdon, occasioned by a political dispute, between a clerk belonging to a public office and a livery man who had polled for Mr. Wilkes, wherein the former was run through the body, and now lies at the point of death.

LONDON, October 7.

At the final close of the poll yesterday at Guildhall, for the election of Lord-Mayor for the year ensuing, the numbers stood as follow:

For Mr. Alderman Wilkes,	-	1823
Mr. Alderman Bull,	-	1649
Mr. Alderman Sawbridge,		1177
Mr. Alderman Oliver,	-	1093
Majority for Mr. Wilkes,	—	306
Mr. Bull,	—	472

The numbers being declared, the sheriffs gave notice, that to-morrow they will make the return. After which the people expressed their joy by repeated shouts of applause.

After the close of the poll yesterday at Guildhall, the Aldermen Wilkes, Bull, and Lewes, having got into a hackney coach, the populace took off the horses, and drew them up King-street, along Cheap-side, down Lawrence Lane, to the Paul's Head Tavern Cateaton street.

Orders are sent to Portsmouth and Plymouth for all the guardships to be augmented to their full complement of men.

Considerable bets are depending, that the government will have occasion to arm thirty ships of the line between this and Christmas day.

When the last government dispatches left Madrid, advice had been received of some disasters in Portugal, and it was feared there would be general insurrection in that kingdom.

According to private letters from Berlin, there is advice that the Empress of Russia has refused to accede to the treaty negociated by the Emperor and his Prussian Majesty, and that the Russian Ambassador left the court on that account.

We are credibly informed, that in consequence of some secret intelligence received over land from the East-Indies, a squadron of men of war, under the command of an experienced officer, will shortly visit that quarter of the globe.

Orders are issued out for the officers belonging to the regiments now in the West-Indies, who are absent upon furlow, to repair immediately to their respective corps.

They tell us from Paris, that the Sieur Darvie, born at a place named Abondant, near Dreux in the diocese of Chartres, and now curate Futelaye, in the bishopric of Evreux, has found the means to resolve the grand problem of squaring the circle.

We hear from Stokesley, in the North Riding of Yorkshire, that several Farmers in that town and neighbourhood are preparing to go, with their families and effects, to America by the first ships, and are hiring labourers and poor people to accompany them, for the purpose of cultivating their lands, &c.—Many Artificers and Mechanics are also preparing to leave that part of the country, in order to visit the new world: so that in all probability, should good fortune attend those that are now emigrating, a far greater number will follow their example, to the ruin of their Mother Country.

As the several articles of life are at present rated, it appears by a nice calculation, that every Country Gentleman, who has an income of 1000l. a year, pays no less than three hundred and fifty pounds of it in Taxes and Excise.

In Sweden and Denmark the Punishment for large Robberies is perpetual Slavery. Would not a similar Punishment in England be more effectually remedying the Grievance than so many public Executions at Tyburn?

A Correspondent says ten brave English Sailors delivered from Slavery in Barbary would have been a much more welcome Present to our Sovereign than so many Arabian Horses.

LONDON, *October* 9.

Yesterday there was a very numerous common hall for the election of a Lord-Mayor for the year ensuing. The Lord-Mayor came into the Court of the King's Bench exactly at one, when the Sheriffs made the return that the Aldermen Wilkes and Bull were elected by a Majority of the Livery, upon which the Aldermen present elected Frederick Bull, Esq; Lord-Mayor of this city for the year ensuing. The Lord-Mayor Elect then addressed the Livery in nearly the following words:

Gentlemen of the Livery,

"Flattered, as I must necessarily be, by so generous a Mark of your approbation, and the distinguished, unmerited honor to which I am now called, the highest you can confer, or I can ever receive, yet I trust you will do me the justice to believe it would have given me the greater satisfaction had the election fallen upon the worthy Alderman, with whom I was united in your return. His great abilities, his anxious zeal in your service, his noble and spirited assertion of the rights of this city, and of the nation in general, are so deservedly the objects of respect and admiration, that they most strongly induced me to join my wishes to those of my fellow citizens, that he might have been this day elected your Chief Magistrate. In the present Event I shall, Gentlemen, only venture to say, that the pre-eminence to which I am raised will always remind me that the sphere of my being useful is enlarged. You may be assured that this fresh instance of your favourable opinion of, and confidence in me, will forever engage all the return of services, of which I am capable.

"A constant attention to the preservation of your rights and liberties, to the various duties of my office, and a candid administration of justice, will be the most immediate tribute of my gratitude, & my utmost abilities shall at all times be exerted in the defence and support of the laws of the land, and the liberties of the people."

Mr. Bull having finished, Mr. Wilkes came forward, and addressed the Livery as follows;

"Gentlemen of the Livery,

"Permit me to return you my most hearty thanks for the distinguished honor I have received in being returned by you to the Court of Aldermen with my worthy and respectable friend. I congratulate you on the pleasing prospect of the ensuing year. We have now a Lord-Mayor elect of exalted public virtue, who well knows, and will readily perform every part of his duty, regardless of the applause or censure of any *great man*. He will be assisted in his arduous and important office by Sheriffs, whose noble spirit and zeal for the cause of liberty, would have done honor to our immortal ancestors, who fought for Magna-Charta, for themselves, for us, and, I trust, our latest posterity. All our thanks, gentlemen, are due to the *present* Sheriffs for the care they took to provide *this year* faithful and intelligent clerks, by which the *late* poll has been continued throughout without a single objection to the behavior of any one of them, and the poll books have appeared perfectly exact and accurate. The candour and impartiality of the Sheriffs have already had the just applause of the public.

"Gentlemen of the Livery, The endearing marks of your regard and esteem which I experience, have made the most greatful impression upon me; and will always incite me to merit, by a consistent conduct in the public service, your future approbation to the end of my life."

Nine Aldermen scratched for Mr. Wilkes; nine for Mr. Bull; the present Lord Mayor gave the casting vote against Mr. Wilkes.

The Aldermen Crosby and Lewes objected to the Mayor's first insisting on his private vote, and then on the casting vote; and much altercation ensued. But Mr. Wilkes at once declared his satisfaction in the proceedings, and desired no trouble might be given the Court in to clear a case. He was the first Alderman who took Mr. Bull by the hand, and wished him and the City joy.

Mr. Sawby in the Committee Room intreated Mr. Wilkes, before he went into the Court of Aldermen, to vote for himself, or at least not to vote at all, either of which Mr. Sawby thought would best please his Friends and the Public, and told him the numbers were even. Mr. Wilkes answered, 'It is impossible, 'I would sooner lose every thing as to myself, than do 'so ungentleman-like a thing, and Mr. Bull is my 'friend, nor can the public find any where a better 'man.' A single vote decided the election.

We have just been favoured with the following, and are authorized to publish it as an authentic.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, Sept. 17.

"Notwithstanding the steps taken by the Magistrates to suppress riots, yet several have lately happened in different parts of this town. In Dominic-street, the other evening, two Ladies were stopped by the mob, and grossly insulted, only because they had formerly been remarkable for wearing chints and muslin gowns. In Marion-square a Lady of condition had the glasses of her chair broke, but as she happened to be dressed in the manufacture of this country, she was permitted to pass without further molestation. The Lord Mayor has been apprized of several intended meetings, and has made use of every precaution to put a stop to further tumults and bloodshed; but the late conduct of his Lordship in ordering out the troops, has contributed to inflame, instead of allay, the animosities of the people. Being impoverished and oppressed almost beyond enduring, they seem exasperated even to madness; they grow careless of consequences, declaring, that as no encouragement is given to the manufactures of their country, they are resolved to be revenged of those who deprive their families of bread, by wearing foreign manufactures. Their phrase is, "hang us at once, but do not starve us by inches." Such is the spirit which prevails amongst the people of this country; and it must be confessed, if they are not justifiable in their excesses, they are at least excuseable in their complaints; for whether owing to ignorance or design, so little attention hath of late years been paid to the manufacturing interests of Ireland, that almost every branch declines apace. Such an evil naturally begets either a spirit of tumult, or a spirit of emigration. The one fatal to the peace, the other to the commerce of this country. As to the spirit of emigration, it prevails to such a pitch, that a song has been lately made, which is in high vogue amongst the vulgar; it is set to one of Jack Lattin's tunes, and begins thus:

"We'll to the Colonies boys
"Try whether we can get work or not."

This is played by every cat-gut scraper in Dublin, and sung with great jovialty by different mobs, who almost nightly parade the streets. Thus much for the state of the lower orders. Those of the better sort, who are independent, seem to consider the approach of Parliament only as approach of evil. They dread the consequences of a Ministerial Majority, and the desertion of Ponsonby from the Patriotic Phalanx hath dispirited that party. All eyes are now fixed upon the Duke of L——ster, the more so, as the utmost attention is paid to that Nobleman by the Lord Lieutenant; the Duke's influence thrown into the popular scale may do much, it may save us from the impending evils of an Union, or a Land-Tax; Heaven knows the people stand in need of such a powerful friend, for they lost their chief support when poor Lucas breathed his last."

A letter from Fort William, in Scotland, dated Sept. 4 says, "On the 1st of this month, sailed from hence for America 425 men, women, and children, from Croydat, Lochaber, Appin, and Mammore, &c. They are the finest set of fellows in the Highlands, and it is allowed they carry at least 6000l. sterling in ready cash with them."

See Index under Tea. vid the Act, pa. 735. Vol. 1.
See Magna Charta, pa. 790, 1050 Vol. 2. (1) vid. pa. 407.
See their Names, pa. 1087. x Wilkes.

AT a Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Dorchester, *on the 30th of* November 1773.

THE Committee of Correſpondence laid before the Town a Letter which had been agreed upon by the Committees of ſeveral Towns, to be ſent to all the Towns in the Province, in order to know their Minds at this critical Juncture, and alſo the Votes and Proceedings of the Town of Boſton thereon:

VOTED, That we highly approve of the public Conduct of the Towns of Boſton and Cambridge in their late Town-Meetings, and the Reſolves they came into, in order to prevent the act of parliament reſpecting the Eaſt-India company, being allowed to ſend their Teas to America, to take effect.

2. But being at preſent engaged in private matters within the town, and having not long ſince made our minds known to the Public in ſundry Reſolves, which were voted unanimouſly, we muſt now cut ſhort: But we can aſſure the publick, that ſhould this country be ſo unhappy as to ſee a day of trial, for the recovery of its rights, by a laſt and ſolemn appeal to him who gave them, we ſhould not be behind the braveſt of our patriotic brethren; and that we will at all times be ready to aſſiſt our neighbours and friends, when they ſhall need us, though the greateſt dangers ſhould attend it.

3. And whereas ſeveral Perſons who are deemed enemies to this country, have of late by their guilty conſciences been drove into this and the neighbouring towns, to ſhelter themſelves from the juſt vengeance of their fellow-citizens that we will uſe our endeavours, that the juſt indignation they there feared ſhall here overtake them, and that though we are not all of one town, yet all embarked in one common cauſe.

Voted, That the Town Clerk be directed to forward a copy hereof, to the committee of correſpondence in the town of Boſton.

A true Copy from Dorcheſter Records,
Atteſt, NOAH CLAP, Town-Clerk.

AT a Meeting of the Inhabitants of the Town of Brooklyn, *legally aſſembled on Friday the 26th Day of* November, *A. D.* 1773, *and by Adjournment to Wedneſday the 1ſt of December following.*

TO conſider what was proper for this town to do relative to the large quantities of tea belonging to the India company arriv'd & expected to arrrive in this province, ſubject to an American duty; the town came unanimouſly into the following Reſolves, viz.

1. That the act of the Britiſh parliament impoſing a duty on tea, payable in America, for the expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue, is unconſtitutional, has a direct tendency to bring the Americans into Slavery, and is therefore an intolerable Grievance.

2. That this Grievance which has been ſo juſtly complained of by the Americans, ſo far from being redreſſed, is greatly aggravated by another act paſſed in the laſt ſeſſions of parliament for the benefit and relief of the India company, permitting them to export their Teas to America, or foreign parts, free of all cuſtoms and duties uſually paid in Great-Britain, but ſubject to the duty payable in America: Thus have the parliament diſcovered the moſt glaring partiality in making one and the ſame act to operate for the eaſe and convenience of a FEW of the moſt opulent ſubjects in Britain on the one hand, and for the oppreſſion of MILLIONS of Freeborn and moſt loyal inhabitants of America on the other.

3. That the laſt-mentioned act can be conſidered no otherwiſe than as a ſubtle plan of the Miniſtry to enſnare and enſlave the Americans, and that whoever ſhall be inſtrumental in carrying the ſame into execution, is in the judgment of this town, an inveterate enemy to his country.

4. That *Richard Clarke* and *Son*, and *Thomas* and *Eliſha Hutchinſon*, of Boſton, (who brought themſelves into contempt by their conduct in the non-importation time) and the other perſons appointed Conſignees of the India company's Teas in Boſton, have, by their repeated refuſal to reſign their appointment, and ſend back the ſaid Teas, manifeſted to the full conviction of this town, their utter diſregard to the intereſt and welfare of this their native country, to which ſuch unfeeling wretches are a diſgrace, and have diſcovered the moſt ſordid attachment to their private intereſt, and have incurred the higheſt diſpleaſure of the good people of this province in general, and of the inhabitants of this town in particular, who are determined to afford them not the leaſt favor or protection, now that they are become Fugitives from the juſt reſentment of their affronted townſmen.

5. That we fully approve of the proceedings and reſolutions of the town of Boſton on this alarming occaſion, and while we ſee them earneſtly contending for the general liberty of America, ſhould we fold our arms and calmly look on, we ſhould be juſtly chargeable with the moſt ſhameful ſupineneſs and criminal neglect, Therefore

6 Reſolved, That this town are ready to afford all the aſſiſtance in our power to the town of Boſton, and will heartily unite with them and the other towns in this province, to oppoſe and fruſtrate this moſt deteſtable and dangerous tea ſcheme, and every other that ſhall appear to us to be ſubverſive of the rights and liberties of America, and conſequently diſhonorary to the crown and dignity of our ſovereign Lord the King.

7. That whoever ſhall hereafter preſume to import any teas into this province, while ſubject to the odious duty, ſhall be conſidered and treated by this town as an enemy to this country.

A true copy, Atteſt,
Iſaac Gardner, Town-Clerk.

AT a Meeting of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of the Town of Roxbury, *legally aſſembled on Friday* December 3. 1773.

After mature Deliberation the Town came into the following Reſolutions which paſſed Unanimouſly, *viz.*

WHEREAS it appears by an Act of the Britiſh Parliament paſſed at their laſt Seſſion, That the Eaſt-India Company in London, are by ſaid Act allowed to Export their Teas to America "*diſcharged from the payment of any Cuſtoms or Duties whatſoever*" in London, but "*liable to the ſame Rules, Regulations, Penalties and Forfeitures*," in America, as if ſaid Act had not been paſſed; from which there is too much Reaſon to apprehend that ſaid Act was deſigned to take in the Unwary, and to continue and eſtabliſh the Tribute extorted from, and ſo much, and ſo juſtly complained of by the Americans. Upon due Conſideration thereof, *Reſolved*, That the Senſe of this Town cannot be better expreſs'd upon this Occaſion, than in the Words of certain judicious, and truly patriotic Reſolves lately entered into by the worthy Citizens of Philadelphia, and ſince adopted by our much reſpected Brethren, the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton. The particulars of which were inſerted in our laſt under the Proceedings of the Town of Cambridge.(2)

And Whereas it appears that notwithſtanding the repeated Application which hath been made by the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, to the Perſons appointed by the Eaſt-India Company, to receive and ſell ſaid Teas, to reſign ſaid Truſt, they ſtill regard leſs of their own Characters, or of the Peace, Quiet and Proſperity of the People, not only of the Town of Boſton, or of this Town or Province, but from the moſt undoubted Intelligence, America in general. Therefore,

Reſolved, That ſo long as ſaid Perſons appointed by the Eaſt-India Company as aforeſaid, ſhall perſiſt in refuſing to reſign their appointment to that Truſt, or otherwiſe ſafe and ſatisfy the preſent Uneaſineſs of this People, ſo greatly enhanced by their repeated Refuſals, they diſcover a want of fellow-feeling of the Grievances under which this People are Groaning, that they prefer their own private Emolument, to the public happineſs,—a diſpoſition to facilitate and eſtabliſh the deteſted Tribute.—A Temper inimical to the Rights, Liberties and proſperity of America, and that in ſuch light they will be viewed by this Town, from whom they may not Expect the leaſt protection.

Reſolved alſo, That if any other of the Inhabitants of this Province ſhall hereafter, directly or indirectly, Import any Tea into this Province, ſubject to a Duty in America, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be viewed by this Town as Enemies to their Country, and may not expect, either Countenance or Protection.

And whereas the Inhabitants of the Town of Boſton, have repeatedly heretofore, and on the preſent Occaſion in particular; given freſh proof of their great Vigilance and unwearied Endeavours, to recover and preſerve the Rights and Liberties of America:

Reſolved, That this Town, look upon themſelves as in Duty bound to themſelves, and poſterity, to ſtand faſt in that Liberty wherewith the Supream Being hath made them free, and that they will readily join with the Town of Boſton and other Siſter Towns, in ſuch Conſtitutional Meaſures, as ſhall be judged proper to preſerve and hand down to Poſterity inviolate, thoſe ineſtimable Rights and Liberties, handed down to us (under Providence) by our worthy Anceſtors.

The foregoing is a true Copy.
Atteſt. SAMUEL GRIDLEY, Town-Clerk.

At a legal Meeting of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the Town of Charleſtown, *Nov.* 27, 1773, *and continued by Adjournment to the 4th of December, the following* RESOLVES *were unanimouſly voted.* viz

WHEN we his Majeſty's dutiful and loyal ſubjects the inhabitants of this town, reflect on the glorious attachment of our anceſtors to liberty; an attachment ſo ſtrong as to induce them (during the tyranny of the Stuarts) to quit their native homes, and ſeek for Freedom in the howling wilderneſs of America: When we conſider that this once inhoſpitable deſart has by their labour, and at the expence of their blood and treaſure, been bro't to its preſent flouriſhing ſituation. When we contemplate our ſtrong attachment to the perſon and family of our moſt gracious Sovereign, and recollect that harmony and mutual affection that lately ſubſiſted between our parent ſtate and her colonies, the reſtoration of which we moſt ardently wiſh,—we cannot but have our minds moſt deeply affected, and our fears greatly alarmed at the encroachments on our Rights and Privileges, by adminiſtration's raiſing a revenue from America without their conſent. And it adds to our mortification, to ſee the money thus raiſed under the ſpecious pretence of ſupporting government, applied not only in ſupporting penſioners and placemen in independency, whoſe talents are from mercenary views, employed, by falſe repreſentations, in making the moſt unhappy difference between the mother country and her colonies; but alſo in maintaining in idleneſs and luxury, an infamous ſett of ſpies, pimps, informers, &c. with many of whom the ſole qualification is a total unfitneſs for every honeſt calling. Our alarms are encreaſed by the Eaſt-India Company in Great-Britain ſending their Tea for ſale here while ſubject to duty: A meaſure evidently tending to facilitate the deſtructive deſigns of adminiſtration upon us; and two ſhips with ſaid Tea being arrived, we think it our duty to take every proper ſtep to prevent the impending ruin, and to therefore paſs the following Reſolves, viz.

I. Reſolved, That it is one of the natural rights of men to diſpoſe of the fruits of his honeſt induſtry himſelf.

II. Reſolved, That every Britiſh ſubject in ſpecial, in whatever part of the extenſive Britiſh empire he is ſettled, has eminently by our happy conſtitution, as well as by nature, the ſole right to diſpoſe of his property either by himſelf or his repreſentatives.

III. Reſolved, That ſome violent attacks have been made by adminiſtration on the rights and privileges of Britiſh ſubjects in the colonies, that the retaining the duty on tea, for the expreſs purpoſe of raiſing a revenue in America, and impowering the Eaſt-India company to ſend their tea here for ſale, while ſubject to ſaid duty, is a ſtriking inſtance of their determination to perſevere in their attacks, and thereby reduce us to the moſt abject ſtate of wretchedneſs and ſlavery.

IV. Reſolved, That whoever ſhall be directly or indirectly concerned in landing, receiving, buying or ſelling ſaid tea, or in importing any tea from Great-Britain, whilſt ſubject to duty, is an enemy to America, and ought to be treated accordingly.

V. Reſolved, That we highly approve the vigilant, wiſe and ſteady conduct of our brethren the inhabitants of Boſton at this alarming criſis; and beg their acceptance of our moſt cordial thanks for the ſame.

VI. Reſolved, That we are and will be on proper occaſions ready, in conjunction with our oppreſſed American brethren, to riſque our lives and fortunes in the ſupport of thoſe rights, liberties and privileges with which GOD, nature and our happy conſtitution has made us free.

The foregoing is a true Copy,
Atteſt. SETH SWEETSER, Town-Clerk.

WE the Subſcribers being appointed by the Hon. Court of Probate for the Diſtrict of Middletown, Commiſſioners to examine and adjuſt the Claims of the Creditors to the Eſtate of Capt. Samuel Rockwell, late of Middletown, deceaſed, repreſented Inſolvent, Hereby Notify ſaid Creditors, that we ſhall attend ſaid Buſineſs at the Dwelling-Houſe of Mr. Ephraim Penno, Innholder in ſaid Middletown, on the laſt Monday of this, and the five ſucceeding Months, beginning at 2 o'Clock Afternoon.

N B. All Accounts brought againſt ſaid Eſtate muſt be Attested to. ELIJAH TREDWAY, NATHANIEL BROWN, ELISH STARR, } Commiſſioners.

Middletown, October 12. 1773.

All Perſons Indebted to ſaid Eſtate are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to THOMAS GOODWIN, Adminiſtrator.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *BOSTON*.
ENTERED IN.

Cook, Halifax; Hedge, Rhode Iſland; Tracy, Newfoundland; Kent, Hewet and White, North-Carolina; Eſtworth, Maryland; Williams, North-Carolina; Le, Falmouth; Clark, Hall & Bruce, London; Hadſon, Jamaica and Cape-Nichola; Bennett, Grenadoes.

Burials in the Town of BOSTON, ſince our laſt.
Nine Whites. NO Blacks.
Baptiz'd in the ſeveral Churches, Nine.

Boſton Printed by EDES & GILL, *in Queen-Street*, 1773.

(1) vid our Charter, pa. 107, vol 2. Reſpecting New Hampſhire Grants

(1) vid page 391.

(2) vid page 403

(3) vid liſt of Violations page 1100

(4) As for Governor Hutchinſon, Oliver, &c.

(5) See Hutchinſon's & Oliver's Letters page 144, &

(6) Commiſſioners, &c. vid 4. appointment, pa. 748 vol. 1, & their Commiſſion pa. 253 vol. 2.

† See their Names, pa. 217. ‡ vid. pa. 391, 399, 407, 408. ¶ vid. pa. 403. ‖ See Index under Tea. ** vid pa. 217. †† Tea Factors, vid pa. 407. ‡‡ See their Names, pa. 1087. §§ See duty act, pa. 735, Vol. 2, & See Index under Merchants in Vol. 2, & 3. ¶¶ vid Pa. 624, vol. 2.